



Expenditure Restraint Incentive Program

2023 Wisconsin Act 19 amended the program title from the expenditure restraint program to the expenditure restraint incentive program (ERP). ERP provides unrestricted aid to qualifying municipalities that limit growth in spending. The payment is in addition to aid paid under the county and municipal aid program. Counties do not qualify for payments under this program.

Originally called the tax rate disparity program, the ERP was enacted in 1990 in response to criticism that the state shared revenue program for municipalities encouraged municipalities to increase spending (at the time, aid payments were partially dependent on spending). The ERP was meant to break this connection by targeting aid to high-tax rate communities that restrain spending growth. A municipality originally qualified for the payment if its municipal-purpose tax rate was greater than the state average municipal tax rate, its equalized value per capita was less than 120% of the state average, and its operating budget had grown by no more than inflation plus 3%.

In 1994, the equalized value per capita limitation was removed, the qualifying tax rate was set at five mills, and the operating budget restraint was replaced with a general fund restraint. Municipalities now qualify for a payment if their municipal-purpose tax rate is in excess of five mills and if they limit their general fund budget increase to no more than inflation plus a growth factor.

Since 2003, funding for the program has been set at \$58,145,700.

Eligibility

A municipality qualifies for an ERP payment if it meets the following two conditions:

1. *Municipal-purpose property tax rate:* The property tax rate must be at least five mills. The tax rate is calculated by dividing the total levy for municipal purposes excluding tax incremental finance (TIF) levies by the total equalized value excluding TIF incremental value.
2. *Municipal budget:* the municipal budget for the year before the payment has not increased over the prior year's budget by more than an inflation factor plus a valuation factor.

For payment purposes, municipal budget is defined as general fund expenditures excluding principal and interest on long-term debt, recycling fees paid for solid waste disposal, revenues shared with other local governments under local revenue sharing agreements, and unreimbursed expenditures related to an emergency declared by the Governor. An adjustment to the municipal budget is also made for the cost of any service transferred to or from another governmental entity.

The inflation factor for 2024 payment equals the average annual percentage change in the U.S. consumer price index for all urban consumers as determined by the U. S. Department of Labor for the 12-month period from September 1 to August 31 prior to the year for which the municipal budget is determined. For payments in 2013 and thereafter, the inflation factor may

not be less than 0%.

The valuation factor equals 60% of the percentage change in the municipality's equalized value due to net new construction (new improvements minus improvements removed), but no more than 2% and no less than 0%.

Under 2023 Wisconsin Act 19, 2025 payments will equal the amount of the payment received by the municipality in 2024. This provision is due to the county and municipal aid payment increases under 2023 Wisconsin Act 12 that would likely result in higher municipal budgets.

Payments

Payments are made on the 4th Monday in July. A qualifying municipality's payment is calculated as follows:

1. Subtract 5 mills from the municipal-purpose property tax rate.
2. Multiply the amount from (a) by the municipality's equalized value including TIF incremental value.
3. Divide the amount in (b) by the state total for all the amounts calculated in (b).
4. Multiply the amount in (c) by the funds appropriated for the ERP payment.

Below is an example payment for the City of Wausau's 2025 estimated ERP payment.

Step 1: Subtract 5 mills from the municipal purpose tax rate		
Municipal purpose tax levy for 2022/23: This is the total municipal levy excluding any tax incremental finance (TIF) district incremental levies	(A)	\$ 29,980,918
Equalized value (excluding TIF incremental value)	(B)	\$ 3,188,374,300
Municipal-purpose property tax rate (A/B)	(C)	0.009403199
Municipal-purpose property tax rate minus 5 mills	(D)	0.004403199
Step 2: Multiply the levy in excess of 5 mills by the "TIF in" equalized value		
Equalized value (including TIF incremental value)	(E)	\$ 3,680,737,900
Total municipal levy in excess of 5 mills (including portion of TIF incremental tax levy attributable to the municipal-purpose tax levy) (D * E)	(F)	16,207,021
Step 3: Divide the above amount by the state total		
Statewide total of municipal levies in excess of 5 mills for all municipalities qualifying for an expenditure restraint payment	(G)	819,066,146
Wausau's share of the state total (F/G)	(H)	0.020305664
Step 4: Multiply the above amount by the total funds appropriated		
Amount appropriated for expenditure restraint payments in 2024	(I)	\$ 58,145,700.00
Amount payable to the City of Wausau (H * I)	(J)	\$ 1,180,687.08

2025 Payment

A municipality qualified for a payment in 2025 based on if it received a payment in 2024. For 2024, if its municipal-purpose property tax rate for 2022 (payable 2023) exceeded 5 mills and its municipal budget for 2023 increased over its municipal budget for 2022 by less than 7.70% (the

inflation factor for the 12-month period ending August 31, 2022) plus its valuation factor (based on net new construction during 2021 for purposes of establishing 2022 equalized values). A final adjustment to these payments will be made in November 2024. The ERP generally does not have any recast adjustments. 320 municipalities will receive a payment for 2025. 2017 Wisconsin Act 59 allocated an additional \$583,000 to the Village of Maine and the City of Janesville for distributions beginning in 2018 and ending in 2022. The table below shows ERP payments by town, village, and city since 1994.

EXPENDITURE RESTRAINT PAYMENT, 1994 – 2025

Year	Towns		Villages		Cities		State Total	
	Recipients	Payment	Recipients	Payment	Recipients	Payment	Recipients	Payment
1994	65	\$310,721	82	\$1,976,087	93	\$39,713,191	240	42,000,000
1995	37	213,452	95	3,529,755	117	44,256,792	249	48,000,000
1996	40	307,119	95	3,362,561	119	44,330,319	254	48,000,000
1997	58	531,480	138	3,939,556	116	43,528,963	312	48,000,000
1998	49	537,612	112	3,788,113	128	43,674,274	289	48,000,000
1999	47	570,785	110	3,916,732	135	43,512,482	292	48,000,000
2000	42	609,629	104	4,682,275	135	51,708,094	281	57,000,000
2001	30	844,429	105	5,019,086	135	51,136,483	270	57,000,000
2002	39	768,297	128	5,147,973	136	51,653,728	303	57,570,000
2003	30	724,827	122	4,985,806	144	52,435,065	296	58,145,700
2004	27	420,325	134	5,482,828	145	52,242,546	306	58,145,700
2005	33	461,094	152	5,198,193	152	52,486,411	337	58,145,700
2006	36	239,473	133	5,338,424	146	52,567,801	315	58,145,700
2007	24	144,689	147	4,869,596	153	53,104,414	324	58,145,700
2008	27	178,396	136	4,817,503	154	53,149,799	324	58,145,700
2009	13	146,056	120	4,352,872	141	53,646,770	274	58,145,700
2010	14	138,517	149	4,876,499	157	53,130,682	320	58,145,700
2011	15	176,545	153	5,017,072	153	52,952,081	321	58,145,700
2012	18	176,312	159	5,034,772	160	52,934,613	337	58,145,700
2013	23	162,949	185	5,735,111	164	52,934,937	372	58,145,700
2014	29	239,214	171	5,811,944	159	52,094,539	359	58,145,700
2015	28	192,230	168	5,762,632	153	52,190,835	349	58,145,700
2016	24	170,290	178	5,814,276	156	52,161,132	358	58,145,700
2017	23	186,894	151	5,586,889	136	52,371,915	310	58,145,700
2018	29	168,850	156	4,820,460	143	53,156,390	328	58,145,700
2019	18	91,401	167	4,817,163	145	53,237,135	330	58,145,700
2020	22	202,428	157	5,109,701	140	52,833,570	319	58,145,700
2021	16	75,679	157	4,850,170	150	53,219,851	323	58,145,700
2022	27	171,282	150	4,975,605	143	52,998,812	320	58,145,700
2023	16	65,474	147	4,995,746	140	53,084,479	303	58,145,700
2024	12	72,047	158	4,995,243	150	53,078,410	320	58,145,700
2025	12	72,047	158	4,995,243	150	53,078,410	320	58,145,700